





**MR. EVERETT'S LETTER.**  
The polished and masterly letter of Edward Everett, which we published on our columns a few days since, is every where considered a production of great power, and one that will do much to place our government in the right position before the nations in Europe.

A few papers in the country have bitterly complained that Mr. Everett should have answered the letter of Lord John Russell, he having returned from the State Department.

In the navy at the want of propriety of good taste of Mr. Everett, this wish to be before the public in anticipating the reply of Mr. Buchanan, and all the perian lunabriggery involved in connection with this letter, there are three vital points which should be regarded. The first is that the letter of Lord John Russell was evidently written in reply to Mr. Everett's letter and kept back, purposely, no doubt, until Mr. Everett should leave the Department of State. There was no intimation and no prospect that Mr. Buchanan intended to correct the error or rebuke the violent and ineptuous tone of portions of the British minister's note, and Mr. Everett has not, at least, shown any immediate desire to defend himself and the administration with which he was connected, from the charge of attempting to pervert international law, and of evincing a disposition to disregard its moral and public obligations. No one need say that Mr. Everett attempts to "take wind out of Mr. Macy's sails," after Mr. Macy has laid quietly in port so long.

The second point is that the letter was not addressed to our Government, either the President or the Secretary of State, but to Mr. Crumpton, the British Minister at Washington, and on us being read to Mr. Buchanan by Mr. Crumpton, he is reported to have received it in good temper, and intimated that no reply from him might be necessary.

The third point is that Lord John Russell's dispatch contained language highly offensive, personally, to Mr. Everett and President Fillmore. And Mr. Everett was not bound to remain silent when he had it in his power to furnish a complete justification of the views and positions advanced in his former letter, nor was he under obligations to reply for a day, for Mr. Buchanan to wait, even if he had deemed it prudent to do so. Mr. Everett wished to get at the substance of the matter, the path and marrow of the whole, and show the world that our government could be vindicated in its course in objecting to bind its hands forever from annexing Cuba, without being branded as filibusters and robbers, and to do this was more meritorious than to stick to old forms. Even the Washington Sentinel, the new Democratic paper, just established at Washington, says of the letter that it is well worthy of its predecessor from the State Department, that was received with so much applause. Lord John's facts are turned against him, his arguments refuted, his epithets exposed, his want of courtesy rebuked, and all in the most humane, polished and elegant manner.

The whigs of Massachusetts have since their nominations for Governor and Vice Governor, of men of great ability and devotion to the whig cause. Emory Washburn, says the editor of the Boston Journal, who knows him well, has been long in political life, has ever been a firm and consistent whig, and, of course, an ardent friend and supporter of the federal constitution and the Union. He is respected and esteemed by all who know him, for his social bearing, and his exemplary moral character, he has held many high offices, and proved himself to be an able lawyer, a wise legislator, a just and upright judge, and no doubt can exist in the mind of any individual that, when elected to the distinguished office for which he is now nominated—as so undoubtedly will be—he will make an efficient, just and enlightened Governor.

It is related of his father that when the news of the battle of Lexington reached him, he was in his blacksmith's shop shoeing a ox. The ox was in the swing, and the shoe was partly nailed on the hoof. He dropped his hammer, and declared he would not lift it again until America was free. He left his shop—was at the battle of Bunker Hill, and had his hat and clothes plumed by the bullets from the enemy's guns, and he left not the contest until the independence of his country was achieved.

William J. Burwell, of Adams, the whig nominee for Lieut. Governor, has been for several years in public life, and has filled various offices with seal and fidelity. He is a man of sterling integrity and consistency, and will occupy the station to which he has been nominated, with dignity and ability. The whig party in Massachusetts has a great work to perform, to elect these men securing the effort of every whig in the State. But they have many and noble inducements to work in the cause, and if they labor together as one man, success will crown their efforts. Their past history, their glorious successes and even their defeats should quicken them to activity and to duty until a substantial victory is secured, and the State occupy her true position.

Man Mission. Mr. Asper Fletcher of Bloomfield, left on about two weeks ago, for Moonhead Lake on a hunting excursion. He left his horse and carriage at the hotel in Greenville, and started in a buckskin coat on the morning of the 20th. He had with him two days' provisions. He has a wife and two children in the city. He was in such season by the country, and much interest is manifested for his recovery.

The oration is the delivery expressed in Whiggism, that is the doctrine of Messrs. Winthrop, O'Connor, and the abolition among the Democracy of New York, will lead to the breaking up of the Union. The abolition are said to be a unit in favor of turning the malcontents from office but the President, however, and in the end must choose between them and his cabinet.

A few show up North. South. Tennessee, 10-4-53.

Exhibition at Milton, Vt., Oct. 1.

The exhibition of horses commenced at the P. A. Society has been postponed to Wednesday next, the 8th day of October, at nine o'clock A. M., in case of storm on that day, to the next fair day at the Bangor Trotting Park.

The following premiums have been agreed upon making in all the sum of one hundred and thirty-three dollars.

- Latroviae Matron.**  
For the horse making the best time \$30.00  
For the horse making the 2d best time 20.00  
" 3d " 10.00  
" 4th " 5.00  
**Exhibition of Horses.**  
For the best Carriage horse 15.00  
" 2d " 10.00  
**Dracoon Horse.**  
For the best Draught horse 10.00  
" 2d " 5.00  
**Races.**  
For the best Booking or pacing horse 10.00  
" 2d " 5.00  
**Carts.**  
For the best four years old colt \$7.00  
" 2d " 3.00  
For the best three years old colt \$5.00  
" 2d " 2.00  
The horses were to be entered on or before the day of examination and the day of examination was the day of the exhibition and the day of the exhibition was the day of the exhibition.

The following gentlemen have been a point of committee. Leonard March, Albert Blaisdell, E. W. Hay, J. J. Trapp, Esq., Bangor, Henry Burton Esq., Dixmont, Col. Gilespie Mayo, Orono.

Hansen's Magazine, October 1853.  
We have received an early day, the number of this Magazine for October, with the treasures of reading, its beautiful illustrations, and its budget of editorial fun. Its opening article is a Memoir of Demosthenes by Jacob Abbott. Then follows The Prison and Prospects of Paris, The Buegarbache, Napoleon Bonaparte by John S. Cabot, Bertha's Love Part II, Lighter the Boat, An Incident of my Childhood, Bleak House concluded, besides the other usual variety from the special stories departments. Begun has this work for sale. It may also be found at F. Daren's.

The editor of the Belfast Signal is on a jaunt to the New York State Fair at Saratoga and the Crystal Palace. He praises the whigs in their gay autumn dress, and appears to enjoy all he sees and does, and whatever is done for him even to being shared.

We learn that one of the stores in the Union Block mentioned yesterday, was built by Daniel Warren Esq., the keeper of the popular Reading House on the corner of Hendus and Bridge, he having built in connection with Mr. Johnson.

A hard shell Democratic paper in New York City argues in favor of an alliance between the said "Hard Shell" and the Nation and Anti Seward Whigs.

Col. Fremont has been compelled to abandon his proposed winter exploration of a route to the Pacific, on account of ill health. He has returned to St. Louis.

A gentleman in complimenting Belfast recently, remarked that they raised two girls where they did one pig.

The late heavy rain has given the mill water, and set the manufacturing of lumber in active operation.

Mr. Samuel Milford, an old gentleman residing in Portsmouth, N. H., fell from a ladder on Tuesday and was instantly killed.

It is said 10,000 negroes have died of the present yellow fever in Cuba.

An immense Fench Orchard.  
A gentleman named Davis residing in Clermont, Ohio, has a peach orchard of one thousand acres, containing sixteen thousand trees. Mr. Davis, it appears, left Philadelphia six years ago, and purchased his present farm, then considered the poorest piece of land in the neighborhood—and set it out with peach trees of twenty different varieties from New Jersey. As the farmers in that vicinity had tried for several years to raise peaches for market, and had unfortunately failed, they consulted the expert of Dr. Davis, a foolish old, and even went so far as to appoint a committee to visit him and advise him to a garden it, as a would certainly ruin him. He persevered, however, notwithstanding five thousand of the trees died soon after being planted. This was six years ago. In 1850 he gathered his first crop, from which he realized sufficient to pay for his farm, and leave him five hundred dollars on hand. This season about 6,000 of the trees are bearing, and already 7,000 baskets have been sold at over a half per basket. His net profit this season are estimated at twenty five thousand dollars.—Exchange.

First Snow of the Season. We learn that Mr. Latham of the Atlantic & St. Lawrence Railroad, when he left Greenville, N. H., yesterday morning at 6 o'clock, the ground was covered with snow, the moon being covered with it, and wearing, apparently, their winter garb—and that it was still falling when he left.

This was the case as far as Shelburne, but on approaching Maine, where "quads are prohibited," Dame Nature began it all to rain.

State of Maine 29th.  
We regret to learn that Hon. Joseph Day, one of the Whig candidates of Lincoln county for the Senate at the recent election, died at his place of residence in Danversville, on Saturday last. His death will make necessary the election of one of the localoo candidates.

Portland Adv.  
The most valuable article of furniture on exhibition in the Crystal Palace, is said to be owned by New York. It is a pearl necklace, which consists of a wreath of pearls, with one large diamond in the center, and is valued at fifteen thousand dollars. It is said that the millionaire, recently appointed by President Pierce as a diplomatic post in Europe, offered \$14,000 for it, but that price was refused.

Telegraph.

Later from Europe.

ARRIVAL OF THE AMERICA AT HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, TELEGRAPH OFFICE, September 30.

The America, from Liverpool, at 10 A. M. 17th inst., arrived at Halifax at 9 A. M. 29th, with 286 through passengers. The ship arrived out on Wednesday, 14th, was off Holyhead at half past ten in the morning, but detained off the Mersey for want of water.

BASINIER QUESTION.

The ship has refused the Turkish note. The impetuous war that is now almost inevitable. It was currently reported, although no foundation was apparent for the report, that the Turks had attacked the Russian outposts, but no general engagement had been fought. This whole rumor is doubtful. The words of the Vienna dispatch are "The Court rejects the Turkish modifications, but abides by the Vienna note, and promises to evacuate the Principality if the Porte accepted its pure and simple terms, and leaves one chance for peace." Another telegraph says "a new manifesto is expected from Russia. The Turks were quite ripe for war, and Omar Pasha had great difficulty in restraining his troops from hostilities. Pasha on both sides was at its height. Anonymous placards on the walls, calling the faithful to attack the Russians, had much excited the people, and it was only on the special demand of the representatives of the Powers that the Sultan had consented to postpone the issuing his manifesto to his people. This manifesto is in warlike language, and is indeed a declaration of war.

The Turks continued their armaments, and every thing paid for in specie. The Turkish levy of eighty thousand additional men, went on actively, and Omar Pasha of the Danube reserved corps was forming at Adrianople under Mehmet Reshid Pasha of the Sultan's guards. On the 30th the Sultan reviewed the Egyptian troops—Members of the French embassy were present. Abbas Pasha of Egypt promises to send fifteen thousand more men.

From Bucharest the Russian Commander in Chief had addressed an order of the day to his troops, and concluded by saying, "Russia is called the annihilate Paganism, and those who would oppose her in that sacred mission, shall be annihilated with the Pagan. Long live the Czar. Vire the God of the Russians. Omar Pasha wrote to Prince Gortchakoff, and notified him that if Russian gun boats approach too near Turkish batteries they would be fired on. Gortchakoff in reply wrote on the back of the letter "If fired on they will return the fire. Until recently Turkish operations all seemed directed towards Guingres, to prevent Russian crossing there to attack Renschiek and Farova. Since the Turkish government carefully fortified the line of the Balcans between a bulmar and Tarnova, Genl Dikewich's corps has established its general quarters at Lysygrad, and the operations in crossing the Danube will be by Widew Messa and Sophia. The Turkish will of course fortify the passes as they have been, the line of Shulmar and Timova, in which case it is thought the Russians will ascend the river and cross into Serbia.

Mar Gyoropoulos chief dragoman of Russian Embassy had arrived at Constantinople from Odessa attended by several steamers. The arrival caused a sensation, but it is stated to affect the commerce at Constantinople. It is said the French Ambassador at St. Petersburg urgently requested the Porte to recall the mobbed one, even after it was forwarded to St. Petersburg. Russian, partly in Constantinople probable changes in Turkish ministry, Riza Pasha ex-Minister to supersede Mehmet Ali, Riza Pasha, better a diplomatist.

The trouble continued between the Hospodars and Porte. Latest despatch from Constantinople 5th says, Sultan gives Hospodars authority to remain in the Principality.

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LEGISLATURE OF MAINE.

HOUSE.

Bill amending act granting appeals from decisions of County Commissioners passed to be engrossed in concurrence.

Authorizing the conversion of the stock of the Atlantic & St. Lawrence R.R. Company into sterling currency finally passed.

Bill extending time for completing the organization of the Machias Bank, finally passed.

Mr. Libby of Albion, laid on the table resolves suspending sale of Public Lands, and providing for exploration of timber lands in the first 7 Hanger, which, after amendments, passed to be engrossed.

A communication was read from Anson P. M. Esq., Land Agent, which was ordered to be reported.

Also providing for the promulgation of law, was passed to be engrossed.

A resolve providing for the extra session was passed to be engrossed.

IN SENATE.  
Resolves introduced by Mr. Libby of Albion, into the Senate, and after debate of Public Lands were decided on in favor of Mr. Cory.

Second Reading of the same debate passed 17 to 4.

The committee to whom was referred the subject of existing vacancies in the Senate made their report of 25 members in the 25th (Cumberland and York) Senatorial District.

They further reported a vacancy in the Eleventh Senatorial District (Somerset), and recommended a convention of the two branches of the Legislature to fill the vacancy or as ordered by the Governor.

Steward, of North Anson, the convention proceeded to an election of Senator, and Mr. Brown was declared elected. Mr. Brown being present, was duly qualified and took his seat.

The bill to increase the capital stock of the Bank of Cumberland from 100,000 to 150,000, passed to be engrossed.

Massive authorizing the Governor and Council to pay the commissioners for negotiating the purchase of lands was passed to be engrossed in concurrence.

Resolves providing for lighting the State House with gas passed to be engrossed.

He resolves in relation to the purchase of lands belonging to the Commonwealth of Massachusetts lying in Maine were taken up, and after discussion he was and was called at 3 the same passed to be engrossed by a vote of fourteen to eleven.

Various petitions and other matters, were then referred to the next Legislature. Resolves establishing the pay of members for the extra session, including that passed to be engrossed in concurrence and the Legislature adjourned till tomorrow.

The Legislature was expected to rise this (Thursday) morning.

The Methodists of Maine are taking measures to raise \$25,000 for the establishment of a female collegiate institute.

LOVE'S WAIVER.  
Will, with a full and complete title to all original and true bills, removed all bills and drafts, and a full discharge of the bill and drafts.

I, the undersigned, do hereby certify that I am the owner of the bill and drafts, and that I have no objection to their being used as such.

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Dr. A. M. READ,

Thomsonian Physician,

Has taken an office at No. 26 Circular Block West Market Square where he will keep constantly for sale a full stock of

**BOTANICAL MEDICINES,**  
selected with great care by himself, from one of the largest stocks in New England, and warranted pure. The Doctor will give his personal attention to the preparation of Compounds, which will be specially prepared of the very best materials, and he guarantees himself that an experience of over 15 years in the Thomsonian practice has not only made him a judge of the quality, but skillful in the preparation of medicine, and he pledges himself to merit the patronage of his friends and the public. He may be consulted at his office or at his residence corner of Essex and Somerset streets.

Sept 30 44 w

Ten Dollars Reward!

WILL PAY ten dollars for the detection and conviction of the person or persons who recently entered my grounds on my vacant road, and broke open and robbed three of my cattle.

ALBERTI NOVES  
Bangor, Sept 30 53

MAINE FARMER'S ALMANAC, for 1854.

By DANIEL ROBINSON, for sale wholesale and retail by PAUL & LEWIS, Booksellers.

October—858

McClure & Co.

Are now receiving their large and splendid stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

—MURRAY—  
Rich Cashmere Long & Square SHAWLS!

500 Bay State and Scotch Long and Square Shawls.

50 ps French Tubet Cloths, in beautiful colors

Fig'd and Plain All Wool Delaines

Sack Flannels, French Gingham, New Prints, Lyonsese Cloths, beautiful Wooden Plaid, and a great variety other styles

DRESS GOODS

SHAWLS!

BROAD SILK VELVETS, in Blacks, Blues, Greens, Maroons, &c. Onr

Millinery Department

Is now stocked with a large and elegant variety of

Bonnets, Ribbons, Trimming Goods, Gloves, Hosiery, Worsteds Goods, Hdkfs,

—together with—  
Embroideries

Our stock is now the largest and most attractive of any in Bangor, and we are prepared to sell the above at

Lower Prices,

for Cash Only, than any other establishment in this section

Purchasers are invited to examine this stock before buying

McClure & Co.,

No 5 & 2 Gothic Block, Under the Hatch House.

Bangor, Sept 30 1853

GEO. W. LADD,

Commissioner Merchant,

NO. 4 BROAD STREET, BANGOR, ME.

AS just received the following Goods, which are for sale very low for Cash or approved credit

100 boxes Tobacco  
100 boxes Soap  
100 boxes Tea  
100 boxes Coffee  
100 boxes Sugar  
100 boxes Rice  
100 boxes Flour  
100 boxes Corn  
100 boxes Beans  
100 boxes Peas  
100 boxes Lentils  
100 boxes Potatoes  
100 boxes Apples  
100 boxes Oranges  
100 boxes Lemons  
100 boxes Limes  
100 boxes Pine Apples  
100 boxes Peaches  
100 boxes Plums  
100 boxes Cherries  
100 boxes Strawberries  
100 boxes Raspberries  
100 boxes Blackberries  
100 boxes Elderberries  
100 boxes Huckleberries  
100 boxes Mulberries  
100 boxes Currants  
100 boxes Gooseberries  
100 boxes Elderberries  
100 boxes Huckleberries  
100 boxes Mulberries  
100 boxes Currants  
100 boxes Gooseberries

Also a Large Stock of

Cloves, Nutmegs, Cocoa, Chocolate, Mustard, &c.

Those wishing to purchase Goods to sell at retail will do well to call before making their purchases







